## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

- 1. (Original) An electroluminescent device comprising a cathode and anode, and therebetween, at least two light-emitting layers wherein the first layer, layer A, comprises a phosphorescent light-emitting organometallic compound comprising iridium and an isoquinoline group and a second layer, layer B, comprising a light-emitting material.
- 2. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the light emitted from the device is white light either produced directly or by using filters.
- 3. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the isoquinoline group is substituted with an aromatic group in the 3-position, which further bonds to iridium.
- 4. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the isoquinoline group is a 3-arylisoquinoline group.
- 5. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the organometallic compound is represented by Formula 1,

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_2 & v_1 & & \\ v_3 & & & \\ v_4 & & & \\ v_5 & v_6 & & \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{Ir} - \mathbf{L}_1}$$
(1)

wherein:

Ar represents the atoms necessary to complete a five or six-membered aromatic ring;

 $L_1$  and  $L_2$  represent bidentate ligands; and  $V_1$ - $V_6$  each independently represent hydrogen or an independently selected substituent, provided that adjacent substituents can join together to form a ring.

6. (Currently amended) The device of claim 1 wherein the organometallic compound is represented by Formula 2,

wherein:

Ar, Ar<sup>1</sup>, and Ar<sup>2</sup> independently represent the atoms necessary to complete a five or six-membered membered aromatic ring;

L<sub>3</sub> represents a bidentate ligand; and

V<sub>1</sub>-V<sub>6</sub> each independently represent hydrogen or an independently selected substituent, provided that adjacent substituents can join together to form a ring.

7. (Currently amended) The device of claim 1 wherein the organometallic compound is represented by Formula 3,

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_2 & v_1 & & \\ v_3 & & & \\ v_4 & & & \\ v_5 & & v_6 & & \\ \end{bmatrix}_2 Ir - L_4$$
(3)

wherein:

Ar represents the atoms necessary to complete a five or sixmembered\_membered aromatic ring;

L<sub>4</sub> represents a ligand comprising a pyridine group substituted with a five or six-member aromatic group, wherein Ir bonds to both the pyridine group and the aromatic group; and

V<sub>1</sub>-V<sub>6</sub> each independently represent hydrogen or an independently selected substituent, provided that adjacent substituents can join together to form a ring.

8. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the organometallic compound is represented by Formula 4,

wherein:

Ar represents the atoms necessary to complete a five or sixmembered aromatic ring; and

 $V_1$ - $V_6$  each independently represent hydrogen or independently selected substituents, provided that adjacent substituents can join together to form a ring.

- 9. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the layer B contains a fluorescent light-emitting material and a host for that material.
- 10. (Withdrawn) The device of claim 1 wherein the layer B contains a phosphorescent light-emitting material and a host for that material.
- 11. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein layer B emits blue or blue-green light.
- 12. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein layer A emits yellow light and layer B emits blue light.
- 13. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein layer A emits red light.

- 14. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein layer A emits red light and layer B emits blue-green light.
- 15. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein layer A emits light with color defined by the following relationship between CIE x and y coordinates:

$$0.24 * x + 0.26 < y < 3 * x - 0.6$$
.

16. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein layer B emits light with color defined by the following relationship between CIE x and y coordinates:

$$2.4 * x - 0.43 < y < -0.077 * x +0.35$$
.

17. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein layer A emits light with color defined by the following relationship between CIE x and y coordinates:

$$0.24 * X + 0.26 < y < 3 * x - 0.6$$

and layer B emits light with color defined by the following relationship:

$$2.4 * x - 0.43 < y < -0.077 * x +0.35$$
.

18. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the relationship between the CIE color coordinates of light emitted by layer A and B is defined by equations (1) and (2):

$$y_y > (0.25 - y_b) / (0.31 - x_b) * x_y + (y_b * 0.31 - 0.25 * x_b) / (0.31 - x_b)$$
 (1)

$$y_y < (0.41 - y_b) / (0.31 - x_b) * x_y + (y_b * 0.31 - 0.41 * x_b) / (0.31 - x_b)$$
 (2)

wherein,

 $(x_y, y_y)$  represent the x and y color coordinates of light emitted by layer A,  $(x_b, y_b)$  represent the x and y color coordinates of light emitted by layer B.

19. (Withdrawn) The device of claim 9 wherein the fluorescent material comprises a perylene group.

20. (Original) The device of claim 9 wherein the fluorescent material comprises a material of Formula 5a or Formula 5b,

$$R_2$$
 $N$ 
 $R_3$ 
 $R_4$ 

Formula 5a

Formula 5b

wherein:

 $R_1 - R_8$  independently represent hydrogen or an independently selected substituent.

- 21. (Original) The device of claim 9 wherein the fluorescent material comprises 1,4-bis[2-[4-[N,N-di(p-tolyl)amino]phenyl]vinyl]benzene (BDTAPVB) or 1,4-bis[2-[4-[N,N-di(p-tolyl)amino]phenyl]vinyl]biphenyl.
- 22. (Withdrawn) The device of claim 9 wherein the fluorescent material comprises a boron compound.
- 23. (Withdrawn) The device of claim 9 wherein the fluorescent material comprises a compound represented by formula 6a,

Formula 6a

wherein:

Ar<sup>4</sup> and Ar<sup>5</sup> independently represent the atoms necessary to form an aromatic ring group; and

Z<sup>a</sup> and Z<sup>b</sup> represent independently selected substituents.

24. (Withdrawn) The device of claim 9 wherein the fluorescent material comprises a compound represented by Formula 6b,

Formula 6b

wherein:

each Z<sup>a</sup> and Z<sup>b</sup> represents independently selected substituents; each na independently represents 0, 1, or 2; and each nb independently represents 0-4.

25. (Withdrawn) The device of claim 9 wherein the host material is represented by Formula 7,

$$(z^e)_p$$
 $N-L_5-N$ 
 $(z^e)_p$ 
 $(z^e)_p$ 

Formula 7

wherein:

each Z<sup>e</sup> represents hydrogen or an independently selected substituent,

each p independently is 0-4;

L<sub>5</sub> is a phenylene group or a biphenylene group.

- 26. (Original) The device of claim 9 wherein the host material comprises an anthracene group.
- 27. (Original) The device of claim 9 wherein the host material is represented by Formula 8,

$$W_2$$
 $W_3$ 
 $W_4$ 
 $W_{10}$ 
 $W_5$ 
 $W_8$ 
 $W_7$ 
 $W_6$ 

Formula 8

wherein:

 $W_{1}$ - $W_{10}$  independently represent hydrogen or an independently selected hydrocarbon substituent, provided that two adjacent substituents can combine to form rings.

28. (Original) The device of claim 27 wherein W<sub>9</sub> and W<sub>10</sub> of Formula 8 independently represent naphthyl or biphenyl groups.

- 29. (Currently amended) The device of claim 27 wherein W<sub>9</sub> of Formula 8 represents a biphenyl groups.
- 30. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein the phosphorescent material is between 2 and 15 wt% of the light-emitting layer A.
- 31. (Original) A display comprising the electroluminescent device of claim 1.
- 32. (Original) An area lighting device comprising the electroluminescent device of claim 1.
- 33. (Original) A process for emitting light comprising applying a potential across the device of claim 1.